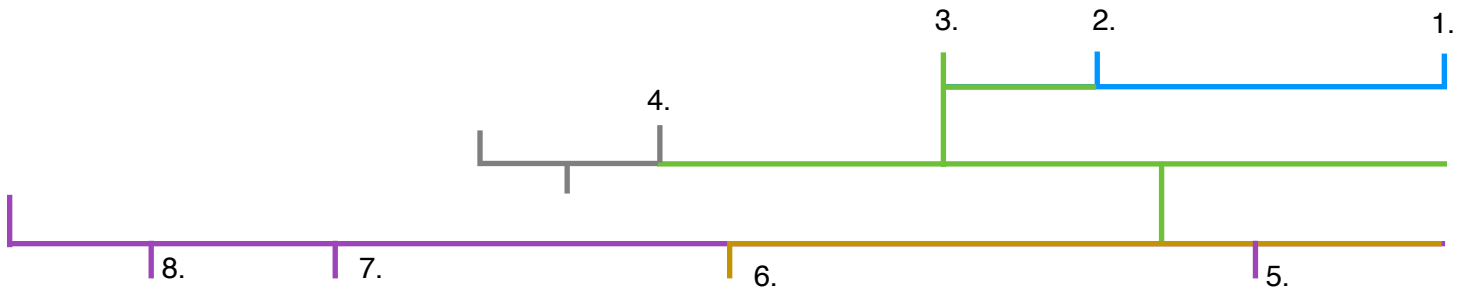


**Part 1: The Anchor Fact Timeline of Ancient History**

Write a brief description (in a complete sentence) of the key event occurring at the date indicated on the anchor fact timeline.



1. 2015/16 \_\_\_\_\_

2. 1776 AD \_\_\_\_\_

3. 1492 AD \_\_\_\_\_

4. 476 AD \_\_\_\_\_

5. 1922 \_\_\_\_\_

6. c.622 AD \_\_\_\_\_

7. c.1700 BC \_\_\_\_\_

8. c.2500 BC \_\_\_\_\_

**Part 2: Archaic Egypt**

9. What gigantic artifacts *anchor* the study of Egyptian history? What purpose(s) did they serve in archaic Egypt?

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10. What did Herodotus say about life in Egypt? Explain what he meant.

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11. When Montuhotep II re-unified Egypt, what major change occurred in Egyptian life?

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12. What was Tutankhamen's original name? Why was it changed? Why is his story so well known compared to those of the hundreds and hundreds of other pharaohs?

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**Part 3: Archaic Mesopotamia & Persia**

13. Explain how historians learned to read the documents of ancient Mesopotamia to unlock its history.

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14. What were the first kingdoms of Mesopotamia called? Why isn't Mesopotamian history named after them?

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15. What are the reasons for the fame of the Babylonian king Hammurabi and the Persian king Cyrus?

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**Part 4: BONUS**

16. What device was used to determine the level of taxes in ancient Egypt?

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17. What were local rulers called in ancient Egypt?

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18. What were the giant structures of Mesopotamia and Persia called?

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