

Part 1: The World We Live In

1. If history is merely “the study of the past,” what problem do people have? What is the *History At Our House* definition of history?

If history is merely “the study of the past,” the problem people have is that we do not live in the past! We live in the present. So learning about the past does not seem to be important. The *History At Our House* definition of history is: history is the revelation and explanation of the world we live in. **(4 pts: 1 pt for past vs. present; 2 pts for revelation and explanation of the world; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)**

2. Label the major cultural *blocks* indicated that are part of the world we live in, and answer the prompts in the briefest way you can.

Anglosphere (1pt)
 mother country: **England/Britain (1pt)**

Iberosphere (1pt)
 European mother countries: **Spain & Portugal (2pts)**

Islamic World (1pt)
 concept of religious war in this block:
jihad (1pt)

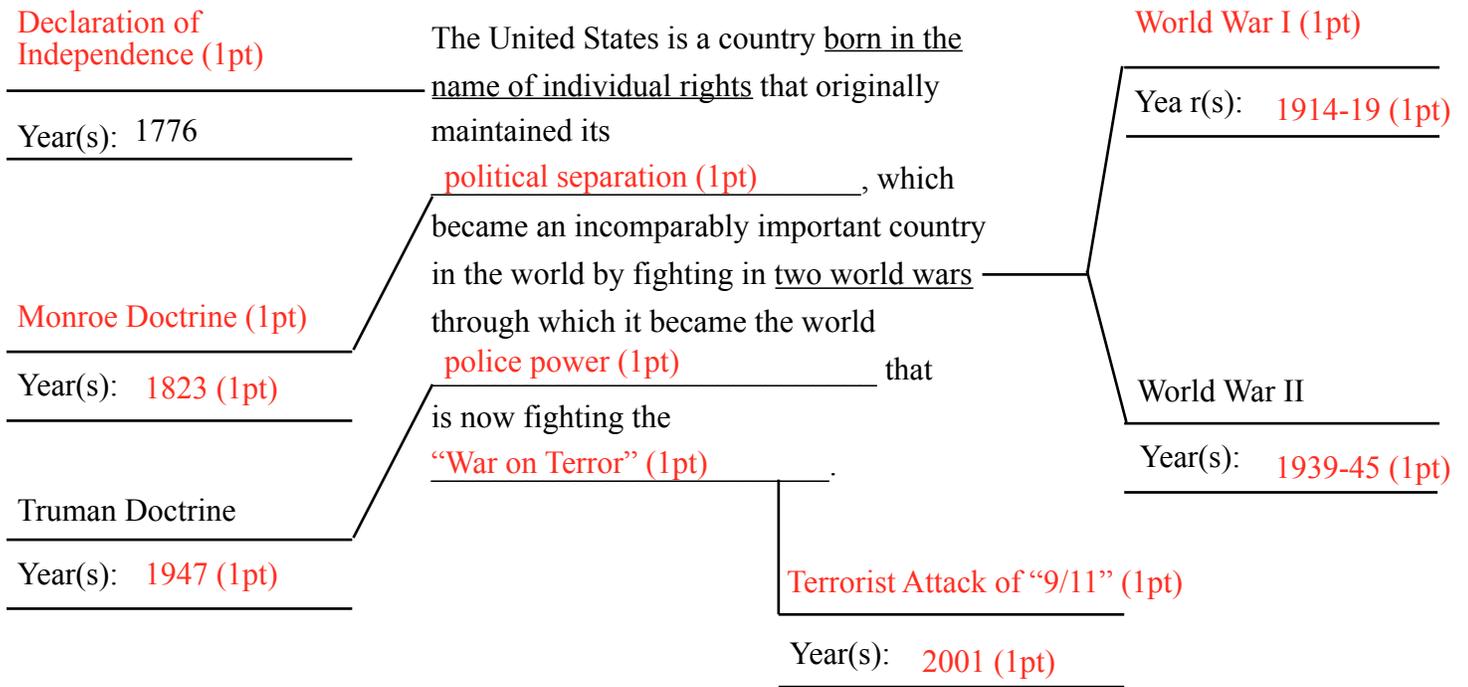
Russia (1pt)
 former champion of: **communism (1pt)**

(9 pts)

Total Points This Page: 13 pts

Part 2: The Cardinal Anchor Facts of American History

3. Use the prompts below to write the information requested about the cardinal anchor facts of American history.



(12 pts)

4. Who was re-elected president by Americans on the slogan “*He has kept us out of war.*” What did he do next that changed the course of history. What famous quote is the symbol of this change?

Woodrow Wilson was re-elected as president of the United States on the slogan “*He has kept us out of war.*” What he did next, however, is lead America into World War I anyways. The quote that is the symbol of this change is “*The world must be made safe for democracy.*” (4 pts: 1 pt for Woodrow Wilson; 1 for entering WWI; 1 pt close approximation of the quote; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)

Total Points This Page: 16 pts

5. What country became America's enemy *after* World War II? What kind of government did it have? What did America become when it chose to contain the threat of this country's form of government around the world?

Russia (at that time known as the "Soviet Union") became America's enemy after WWII? It had a communist government. America chose to become the *world police power* to stop the spread of communism (4 pts: 1 pt for Russia; 1 for communism; 1 pt for world police power; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)

Part 3: Two Dimensions and Two Stories

6. What are the *two* differences between early American and modern America we have learned?

The first difference between early America and modern America is that early America was politically separate and modern America is the world police power. The second difference is that early America had slavery and freedom, while modern America is a country of civil rights. (5 pts: 2 pts for political separation vs. world police; 2 pts for slavery vs. civil rights; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)

Total Points This Page: 9 pts

Part 4: Bonus

7. What three rights are listed in the *Declaration of Independence*?

"life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness" (0.5 bonus points)

8. What president promised a "return to normalcy" after World War I?

Warren Hardin (0.5 bonus points)

9. What law abolished slavery in the United States?

thirteenth amendment (0.5 bonus points)

Total Bonus Points: 1.5 pts

Total Points on Test: 38 points