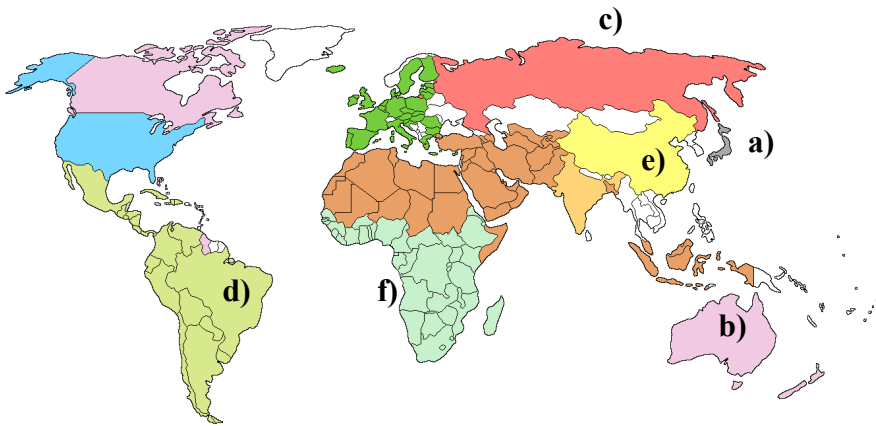


Part 1: The World We Live In

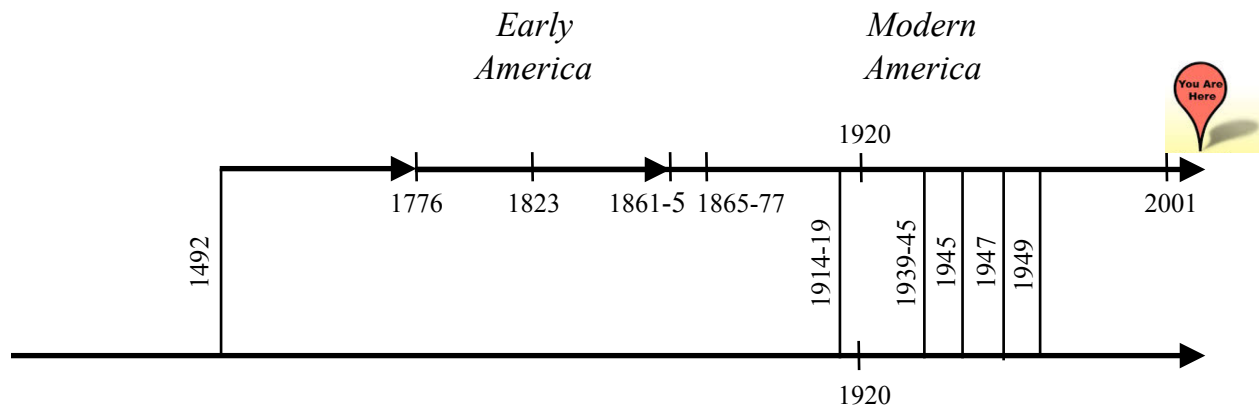
1. Name all the labeled major cultural blocks indicated that are part of the world we live in.



- a) Japan (1 pt)
- b) Anglosphere (1 pt)
- c) Russia (1 pt)
- d) Iberosphere (1 pt)
- e) China (1 pt)
- f) Sub-Saharan Africa (1 pt)

Part 2: The Anchor Facts of America and the World We Live In

2. Use the following timeline to answer questions on the next page.



Total Points This Page: 6 pts

- a) What anchor fact (with the date) is the reason for all the other connections between Europe and America?

There would be no United States at all, and no connections between Europe and America, if it were not for the European discovery of America by Christopher Columbus in 1492. **(3 pts: 1 pt for discovery of America; 1 pt for Christopher Columbus; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)**

- b) What two anchor facts (with dates) explain America's extended separation from Europe in its early history?

America was separated from Europe because of the *Declaration of Independence* of 1776. The separation continued with the Monroe Doctrine of 1823 that said America wished to maintain political separation. **(3 pts: 1 pt for Declaration of Independence; 1 pt for Monroe Doctrine; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)**

- c) What two anchor facts show how America eradicated slavery? (Make sure to give the dates!)

The abolition of slavery happened because of the Civil War (1861-5) and Reconstruction (1865-77). **(3 pts: 1 pt for Civil War and dates; 1 pt for Reconstruction and dates; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)**

- d) Name (and date) two anchor facts that show America's acceptance of political interconnection after World War II.

After World War II, America committed to political interconnection. It joined the United Nations in 1945, then Harry Truman announced the Truman Doctrine to stop the spread of communism in 1947, and finally America agreed to protect Europe through the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) in 1949. **(3 pts: 1 pt for United Nations; 1 pt for Truman Doctrine; 1 pt for NATO; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)**

Part 3: Interconnectivity

3. List as many words as you can think of that start with "inter-". (Try to give at least three.) What does "inter-" mean at the beginning of a word?

There are many words that start with "inter." We know "interconnected." We also know "internationalism." These are important words in history. There are also many other "inter" words, such as "interfere," "intervene," "Internet." At the beginning of word, "inter" means "between." **(4 pts: 2 pts for at least two "inter" words; 1 pt for explaining that "inter" means "between" ; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)**

Total Points This Page: 16 pts

4. What word means “the belief that nations can achieve peace by having closer relationships or being more connected to one another”?

“Internationalism” is the belief that nations can achieve peace by being more connected to one another. (2 pts: 1 pt for internationalism ; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)

Part 4: The Discovery of America

5. What are two reasons that some people say Christopher Columbus did not discover America?

One reason people say that Columbus did not discover America is that there was another explorer named Leif Erickson who came to America from Europe before him. Another reason is that there already “native Americans” in America before Columbus arrived. (3 pts: 1 pt Leif Erickson; 1 pt for “Native Americans” ; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)

6. What cultural block is in between Europe and India? How did Columbus solve the problem of getting around this enemy of Europe?

The Islamic world is in between Europe and India. Columbus solved the problem of getting around the Islamic World by showing Europeans they could sail *west* to Asia. (3 pts: 1 pt for Islamic world; 1 pt for sailing west; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)

Total Points This Page: 8 pts

Part 5: Bonus

7. What large river did Columbus find in South America?

Orinoco (1 bonus point)

8. What ancient Greek geographer made maps of the world that people still relied on before Columbus?

Ptolemy (1 bonus point)

9. What does NATO stand for?

“North Atlantic Treaty Organization” (1 bonus point)

Total Bonus Points: 3 pts

Total Points on Test: 30 points