

Part 1: Anchor Fact Knowledge Web

1. Draw lines connecting the individuals or locations in the left column to the events/anchor facts in the second column, and then, finally, across to the dates for those events in the right column.

Person or Place	Event / Anchor Fact	Date
1) Frederick Douglas	World War II	1914-19
2) Captain John Smith	Abolitionism	1776
3) Thomas Jefferson	World War I	1787
4) The Twin Towers	Steam Engine	1964/5
5) Woodrow Wilson	Jamestown	2001-
6) Pearl Harbor	Colonization	1584
7) James Madison	American Revolution	1831-61
8) James Watt	War on Terror	1607
9) Samuel de Champlain	Civil Rights Movement	1939-45
10) Richard Hakluyt	The Constitution	c.1769

Total Points This Page: 10 pts

(including 1 pt for Champlain, regardless of what the students did with that!)

Part 2: Federalism

2. What does the word “federal” mean”? What famous group was *against* creating a federal government?

The word “federal” means there is one central governments that shares power with regional governments.

Patrick Henry was part of a famous group against creating a federal government known as *Anti-federalists*.

(3 pts: 1 pt for “federal”; 1 pt Anti-federalists; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)

3. What was done in 1808 to try bring an end to slavery in America? Who was president at the time?

The Atlantic slave trade was abolished in 1808. Thomas Jefferson was president at the time. **(3 pts: 1 pt for**

slave trade; 1 pt for Jefferson; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)

Part 3: The Founding Era

4. What revolution happened *after* the American Revolution? What did George Washington say that Americans should do about it?

The revolution that followed the American Revolution was the French Revolution. This created a challenge for the Founding Fathers because many Americans wanted to help France, and many others wanted to help

America’s mother country, Britain. Washington said America should stay *neutral*. **(3 pts: 1 pt for French**

Revolution; 1 pt for neutrality; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)

5. When Missouri joined the Union in 1820, what other state joined along with limits being placed on slavery in the Louisiana territory? What was this arrangement called?

Missouri to join the Union as a slave state, and Maine was created at the same time as a free state. This was

known as the Missouri Compromise. **(3 pts: 1 pt for Maine; 1 pt for Missouri Compromise ; 1 pt for**

spelling and grammar)

Total Points This Page: 12 pts

6. Name two famous abolitionists, and what they are known for.

The famous abolitionists were William Lloyd Garrison who published the newspaper *The Liberator*, Frederick Douglas, a slave who freed himself and gave famous speeches like “What to the slave is the Fourth of July?”, Harriet Tubman who helped organize the “underground railroad,” and Harriet Beecher Stowe who wrote the novel “Uncle Tom’s Cabin”. **(3 pts: 2 pts for two choices from the above ; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)**

Part 4: Modern Civil Rights

8. How and when did women obtain the “right to vote” in America?

Women obtained the right to vote because of the 19th amendment to the Constitution. Women had to insist on this right through the Women’s Suffrage Movement. The change to the Constitution was made in 1920.

(3 pts: 1 pt for 19th amendment; 1 pt for 1920; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)

9. What does “discrimination” mean, when it comes to civil rights? What law ended discrimination in voting?

Discrimination means treating someone unjustly because they are different, such as having a different skin color. To stop discrimination in voting, the Voting Rights Act of 1965 was passed. **(3 pts: 1 pt for discrimination; 1 pt for Voting Rights Act of 1965; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)**

Total Points This Page: 9 pts

Part 5: Bonus

10. What state joined the union, causing America and Mexico to go to war?

Texas (0.5 bonus points)

11. What territory (later a state) was the site of the first violent contest between Americans over slavery?

Kansas (0.5 bonus points)

12. Which founding father is known as the father/architect of the Constitution?

James Madison (0.5 bonus points)

Total Bonus Points: 1.5 pts

Total Points on Test: 31 points