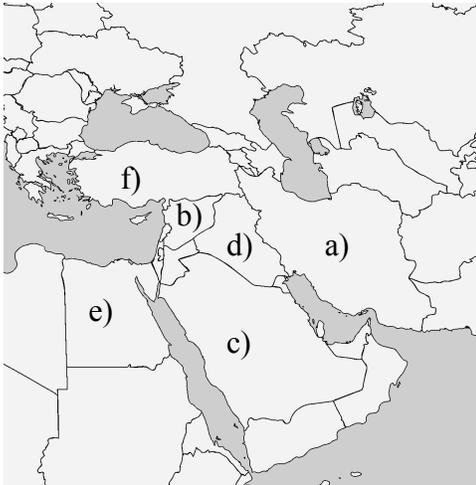


**Part 1: Geography and World History**

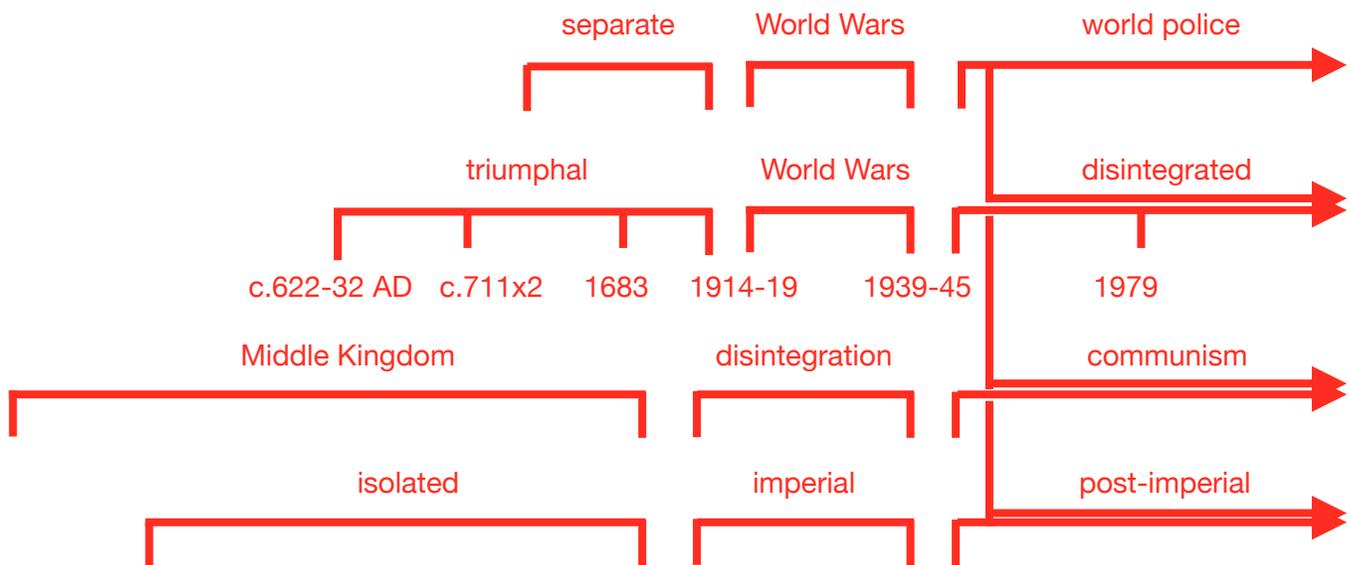
1. Label the countries indicated on the map below:



- a) Iran (1 pt)
- b) Syria (1 pt)
- c) Saudi Arabia (1 pt)
- d) Iraq (1 pt)
- e) Egypt (1 pt)
- f) Turkey (1 pt)

(6 pts: 1 pt for each item)

2. Draw a timeline diagram of the history of world including the four main cultures we have studied this year (America, Japan, China, and Islamic culture). Label the periods with titles that clearly indicate the meaning of each period in history, **and label the anchor facts of Islamic history.** Do not abbreviate as we do in our daily practice. Using a ruler could help you make it as neat as possible.



(13 points: 6 pts for period names; 5 pts for anchor fact; 2 pts for alignment and arrows)

(0.5 bonus points for 1683)

Total Points This Page: 19 pts

**Part 2: Triumphal Islam**

3. What was the first thing Muhammad did to begin the story of Islamic triumphalism? What did he do after that, which continued it?

The first thing Muhammad did to begin the story of Islamic triumphalism is conquer Arabia from c.622 to c632 AD. Next he wrote two letters to the neighboring (Byzantine and Persian) emperors telling them to “convert or be conquered. He died before those empires could be conquered, but he set the conquests in motion.

**(3 pts: 1 pt for Arabia; 1 pt for letters; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)**

4. What is Iberia? What does it have in common with India in the history of the Islamic world?

Iberia is a peninsula in southwestern Europe that includes Spain and Portugal today. Along with India, Iberia was invaded by Islamic armies c.711 AD in the early period of triumphal Islam. **(3 pts: 1 pt for peninsula including Spain & Portugal; 1 pt invasion c.711 AD; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)**

5. What triggered the Crusades? What was the significance of the events to *Triumphal Islam*?

The takeover of the Islamic world by the Turks, who threatened eastern Europe and who persecuted Christian pilgrims to the Holy Land triggered the Crusades. In the history of Triumphal Islam, the brief success of the Christians means little. In the end the Muslims expelled the Christians and story of triumphalism continued.

**(3 pts: 1 pt for Turks and pilgrims; 1 pt for continued triumphalism, 1 pt for spelling and grammar)**

**Part 3: The World Wars/ Disintegration**

6. Where is Vienna? What is the importance of the failed siege of Vienna in Islamic history? When did the Ottoman Empire finally disintegrate?

Vienna is in Austria (in central Europe). The failed siege of Vienna in 1683 is a “turning point” in history, because after this event, Islamic armies continually lost ground, and triumphal Islam was in steady decline. The Ottoman Empire finally disintegrated during World War I (1914-19). **(4 pts: 1 pt for Austria;; 1 pt for turning point; 1 pt for World War I, 1 pt for spelling and grammar)**

**Total Points This Page: 13 pts**

**Part 4: Disintegrated Islamic Culture and Islamism**

7. Why is Ayatollah Khomeini important in Islamic history? What two events are most importantly connected to him?

Ayatollah Khomeini is important as the leader of the Iranian revolution, which began the period of Islamism, or the rebirth of Islamic triumphalism. The Iranian revolution is the first of two related events. The American hostage crisis is the second, in which terrorists took Americans hostage at the embassy in Tehran (the capital of Iran). **(4 pts: 1 pt for leader of revolution/Islamism; 2 pts for revolution and hostage crisis; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)**

8. What is cosmopolitanism—in Islamic, Chinese, and Japanese history? How did the disintegration of Islamic culture bring about this point of view in the Islamic world?

Cosmopolitanism is the ability to see one's culture as a part of the whole world rather than as triumphant over it. In Islamic culture this is not easy because triumphalism is inherent in Islamic belief. In Japan, it takes the form of post-imperial culture. China resists cosmopolitanism still, with post-Maoism as an attempt to become the dominant "Middle Kingdom" all over again. The disintegration of Islamic culture helped create cosmopolitanism in the Islamic world because it created a reality in which there could be no religious triumph, forcing people to reconsider the belief in triumphalism. **(5 pts: 1 pt for global accommodation; 1 pt post-imperialism; 1 pt for China's refusal; 1 pt for disintegration of Islamic triumphalism; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)**

9. Muslims are by far the people most frequently targeted by Islamic terrorists. Why do you think that is?

Muslims are by far most frequently targeted by Islamic terrorists for a number of reasons. First, Muslims live among Muslims in a disintegrated, volatile part of the world. They are simply there. Also, cosmopolitan Muslims are viewed as enemies by Islamists, who seek a religious triumph. Finally, other cultures are fairly insulated from Islamic violence, in terms of sheer distance, the level of wealth and technology of their societies. The people of those cultures are simply safer. **(4 pts: 1 pt for proximity; 1 pt for cosmopolitan Muslims as the enemy; 1 pt for relative safety of others; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)**

**Total Points This Page: 13 pts**

10. How did the United States become entangled in the politics of the Islamic Middle East? What has it done to protect the world from Islamic triumphalism?

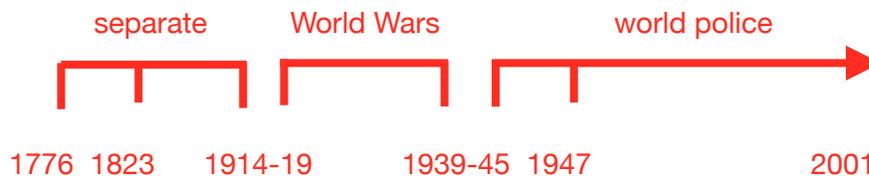
The United States first became entangled in the politics of the Islamic Middle East by choosing to becoming the world police power to prevent the spread of communism. Since Russia could and did try to promote communism in Middle East, America worked to stop it, starting with the Truman Doctrine, which included Turkey (an Islamic country). The need to obtain sufficient oil for modern industry and world policing was a further factor. Finally, the choice to help the democratic country of Israel further entangled America. To protect the world from Islamic triumphalism, the United States has engaged in the “War on Terror” since 2001. This means a new kind of policing, including limiting the freedoms and privacy of all in the name of stopping terrorism. This approach does not address the issue of Islamism or Islamic triumphalism directly. It tries to treat the most harmful symptom instead.

**(4 pts: 1 pt for Cold War/Truman Doctrine; 1 pt for oil and/or Israel; 1 pt for War on Terror; 1 pt for spelling and grammar)**

**Total Points This Page: 4 pts**

**Part 5: Bonus**

8. Draw and label the American history anchor fact timeline *with period names and anchor fact dates*.



**(Bonus Points: maximum 3 pts)**

**Total Bonus Points: 3.5 pts**

**Total Points on Test: 49 points**