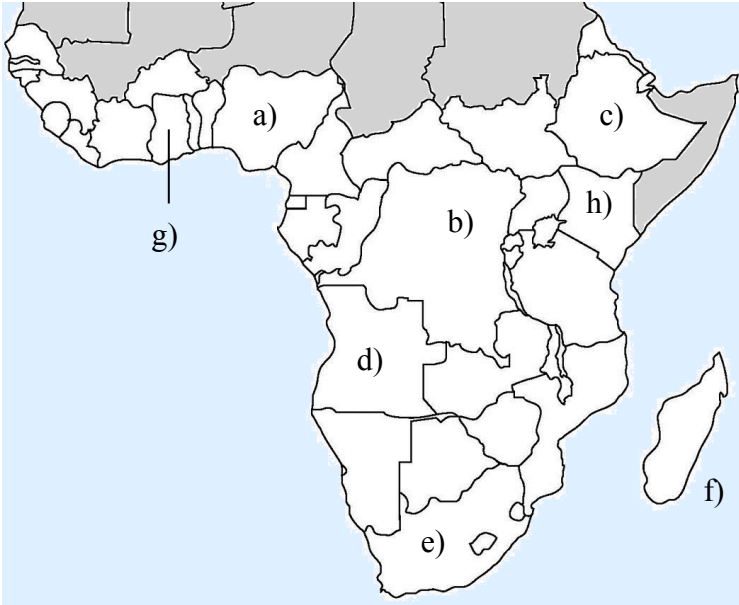


**Part 1: Geography and World History**

1. Label the countries indicated on the map below:



- a) \_\_\_\_\_
- b) \_\_\_\_\_
- c) \_\_\_\_\_
- d) \_\_\_\_\_
- e) \_\_\_\_\_
- f) \_\_\_\_\_
- g) \_\_\_\_\_
- h) \_\_\_\_\_

2. Draw a timeline diagram of 1) Europe and Africa, and 2) Islamic Culture and South Asia. Label the periods with titles that clearly indicate the meaning of each period in history, **and label the anchor facts of African history.** Do *not* abbreviate as we do in our daily practice. Show the connections between Islamic culture and South Asia AND between Europe and Africa. Using a ruler could help you make it as neat as possible.

**Part 2: African History**

3. What is post-colonialism? What about Africa’s early culture contributes to it? What about its modern history is also key?

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4. What factors allow us to study the history of Sub-Saharan Africa as a block, despite its size and complexity?

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**Part 3: European Domination**

5. How did Columbus’s discovery of America lead to the depopulation of Africa?

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6. Why did the *Scramble for Africa* occur, and what is its lasting significance for African history?

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**Part 4: Independence and Post-Colonial Africa**

7. What is “detrribalization”? Why doesn’t any part of Africa have a German identity instead?

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8. What is Francization? Why did it fail in Algeria? What process was triggered throughout Sub-Saharan Africa because of that failure?

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