## Part 1: Europe and the World Wars

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4. What is "internationalism"? What was it supposed to achieve, and what did it really lead to?
3. Who were the main European participants in World War I, and how did they each become a part of it?
2. How did the world wars change Europe from what it was into what it is?
and the names of the periods—including the world wars.
1. Draw a complete periodization diagram of European history with dates, a brief descriptions of the events,

## Part 2: Russia and the World Wars

5. Draw a complete periodization diagram of Russian history with dates, a brief descriptions of the events, and the names of the periods—including the <i>world wars</i> .
6. How did the world wars change Russia from what it was into what it is?
7. What was the trigger for the Russian Revolution, and what was its outcome?
8. What is the goal of all societies, according to Karl Marx, and how will they get there? Why was Marxism not entirely satisfactory to Vladimir Lenin?
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## Part 3: America and the World Wars

9. Draw a complete periodization diagram of American history with dates, a brief descriptions of the events, and the names of the periods—including the <i>world wars</i> .
10. How did the world wars change America from what it was into what it is?
11. What was president Wilson's explanation for breaking America's political separation. How did Americans respond <i>after</i> the war?
12. Why were America and Russia temporary allies in World War II? What were the negative consequences of helping Russia in this war, and what did America do to address them?
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## Part 4: The World Wars and the World We Live In

13. What have been the five major ideas relating to nationalism in European history? Link each one to an event that shows what it is.
14. What was the most shocking aspect of German supernationalism in World War II? How did Americans address it after the war?